Catalog # SPN-C522h



### Synonym

Spike, S protein, Spike glycoprotein, S glycoprotein

### Source

SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) (SPN-C522h) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Val 16 - Pro 1213 (Accession # <u>QHD43416.1</u> (T19I, LPP24-26del, A27S, G142D, V213G, G339D, R346T, S371F, S373P, S375F, T376A, D405N, R408S, K417N, N440K, L452M, S477N, T478K, E484A, Q493R, Q498R, N501Y, Y505H, D614G, H655Y, N679K, P681H, N764K, D796Y, Q954H, N969K, R683A, R685A, F817P, A892P, A899P, A942P, K986P, V987P)). The spike mutations are identified on the SARS-CoV-2 Omicron variant (Pango lineage: BA.2.74). The recombinant protein is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293) with T4 fibritin trimerization motif and a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. Proline substitutions (F817P, A892P, A899P, A942P, K986P, V987P) and alanine substitutions (R683A and R685A) are introduced to stabilize the trimeric prefusion state of SARS-CoV-2 S protein and abolish the furin cleavage site, respectively.

Predicted N-terminus: Val 16

### **Molecular Characterization**

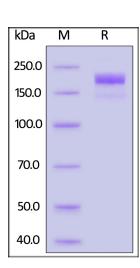
This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 138.0 kDa. The protein migrates as 170-200 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

#### Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per  $\mu$ g by the LAL method / rFC method.

# **SDS-PAGE**



### Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>90% as determined by SEC-MALS.

### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in 0.1 M Sodium citrate, pH5.5 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

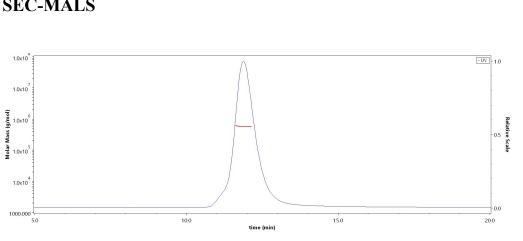
### Storage

For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at  $-20^{\circ}$ C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.



# **SEC-MALS**

SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

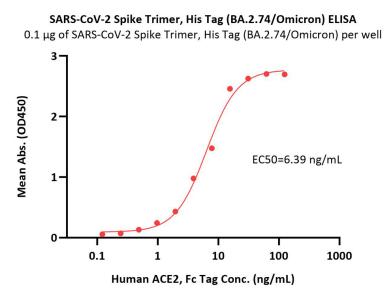
**Bioactivity-ELISA** 

The purity of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) (Cat. No. SPN-C522h) is more than 90% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 546-604 kDa verified by SEC-MALS. <u>Report</u>

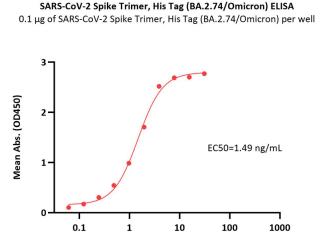




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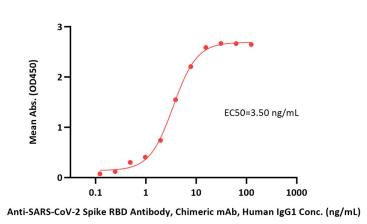
Immobilized SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) (Cat. No. SPN-C522h) at 1  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Human ACE2, Fc Tag (Cat. No. AC2-H5257) with a linear range of 0.1-16 ng/mL (QC tested).



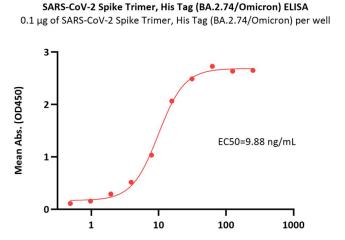
Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD Broadly Neutralizing Antibody, Human IgG1 Conc. (ng/mL)

Immobilized SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) (Cat. No. SPN-C522h) at 1  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD Broadly Neutralizing Antibody, Human IgG1 (Cat. No. SPD-M265) with a linear range of 0.1-4 ng/mL (Routinely tested).

SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) ELISA 0.1 μg of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) per well



Immobilized SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) (Cat. No. SPN-C522h) at 1  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD Antibody, Chimeric mAb, Human IgG1 (Cat. No. S1N-M122) with a linear range of 0.1-8 ng/mL (Routinely tested).



Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD Antibody, Mouse IgG1 (Omicron Specific) Conc. (ng/mL)

Immobilized SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (BA.2.74/Omicron) (Cat. No. SPN-C522h) at 1  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD Antibody, Mouse IgG1 (Omicron Specific) (Cat. No. SPD-M305) with a linear range of 0.5-16 ng/mL (Routinely tested).

#### Background

It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.



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