

resDetect™ Anti-CD3 Antibody Indirect ELISA Kit (Residue Testing) (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay)

Catalog Number: RES-A095

Pack Size: 96 tests

IMPORTANT: Please carefully read this manual before performing your experiment.

For Research Use Only. Not For Use in Diagnostic or Therapeutic Procedure





INTENDED USE

resDetectTM Anti-CD3 Antibody Indirect ELISA Kit (Residue Testing) was developed for the detection

of anti-CD3 antibody in Bioprocess manufacturing applications. It is intended for research use only

(RUO).

BACKGROUND

Since the 1990s, CD3 monoclonal antibody has been used in CIK cell therapy to stimulate the

proliferation and activation of T cells. Under the cooperation of other cytokines, such as IL2 and IL1a,

CIK cells with rapid proliferation, high tumoricidal activity, broad tumor killing spectrum and

non-MHC-restricted tumor killing characteristics are generated, which has significant effects on the

treatment of cancer, chronic leukemia, liver disease and neurological diseases. Obviously, it is necessary

to control the residues of raw materials in the final cell therapy product.

To support the development of biological products, ACROBiosystems developed Anti-CD3 Antibody

Indirect ELISA Kit with rigorous methodological validation, which is used for the detection and

quantitative determination of anti-CD3 antibody in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma. Besides,

this kit can also be used for the quantitative determination of GMP anti-CD3 antibody

(ACROBiosystems, cat#GMP-MC0323) concentrations.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay kit is used to measure the titer of Anti-CD3 Antibody by employing an indirect ELISA. The

micro-plate in the kit has been pre-coated with Human CD3E & CD3G. Firstly, add the standard

samples provided in the kit and your samples to the plate, incubate and wash the wells. Then add the

HRP-conjugated antibody to the plate, incubate and wash the wells. Next load the substrate into the

wells and monitor the solution color from blue to yellow. The reaction is stopped by the addition of a

stop solution and the intensity of the absorbance can be measured at 450 nm and 630 nm. The OD Value

reflects the amount of Anti-CD3 Antibody bound.

PRECAUTIONS

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- 1. This kit is for research use only and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic applications.
- 2. The kit is suitable for cell supernatant, serum and plasma samples.
- 3. Do not use reagents past their expiration date.
- 4. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other kits or other lot number kits.
- 5. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with the appropriate calibrator diluent and repeat the assay. If cell supernatant samples need step dilution, except for the final dilution with diluent, other intermediate dilutions can be in cell culture medium.
- 6. Differences in test results can be caused by a variety of factors, including laboratory operator, pipette usage, plate washing technique, reaction time or temperature, and kit storage.
- 7. This kit is designed to remove or reduce some endogenous interference factors in biological samples, and not all possible influencing factors have been removed.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Table 1. Materials provided

Catalog	Components	Size	Format	Storage		
Catalog	Components	(96 tests)	Format	Unopened	Opened	
RES095-C01	Pre-coated Human CD3E & CD3G Microplate	1 plate	Solid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES095-C02	Anti-CD3 Antibody Standard	20 μg	Powder	2-8°C	-70°C	
RES095-C03	HRP-conjugated antibody	10 μg	Powder	2-8°C, avoid light	-70°C, avoid light	
RES095-C04	10×Washing Buffer	50 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES095-C05	2×Dilution Buffer	50 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES095-C06	Substrate Solution	12 mL	Liquid	2-8°C, avoid light	2-8°C, avoid light	
RES095-C07	Stop Solution	7 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	

SRORAGE

US and Canada:

- 1. Unopened kit should be stored at 2°C -8°C upon receiving.
- 2. The opened kit should be stored per Table 1. The shelf life is 30 days from the date of opening.

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Note: a. Do not use reagents past their expiration date.

b. Find the expiration date on the outside packaging.

REAGENTS/EQUIPMENT NEEDED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Single or multi-channel micropipettes and pipette tips: need to meet 10 μ L, 300 μ L, 1000 μ L injection requirements;

37°C Incubator;

Single or dual wavelength microplate reader with 450 nm and 630 nm filter;

Tubes: 1.5mL,10mL;

Timer;

Reagent bottle;

Deionized or distilled water.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (20°C-25°C) before use. If crystals have formed in buffer solution, place the sample in an 37°C incubator until the crystals have completely dissolved and bring the solution back to room temperature before use.

According to Table 2, prepare the provided lyophilized product into a storage solution with ultrapure water, dissolve at room temperature for 15 to 30 minutes, and mix by gently pipetting, avoiding vigorous shaking or vertexing. The reconstituted storage solution should be stored at -70° C. It is recommended that the number of freezing and thawing should not exceed 1 time, the size of the aliquot should not be less than 5 μ g.

Note: Considering inevitable minor quantitation variations between protein batches, it is also reasonable to generate the standard curve with specific lot of proteins used for current production for even better accuracy.

Table 2. Preparation method

ID	Components	Size (96 T)	Storage solution concentration.	Reconstituted water Vol.
RES095-C02	Anti-CD3 Antibody Standard	20 μg	200 μg/mL	100 μL

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RES095-C03	HRP-conjugated antibody	10 μg	100 μg/mL	100 μL

RECOMMENDED SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. Working Solution Preparation

1.1 Preparation of 1×Washing Buffer:

Dilute 50 mL 10×Washing Buffer with ultrapure water/deionized water to 500 mL.

1.2 Preparation of 1×Dilution Buffer:

Dilute 50 mL 2×Dilution Buffer with 1×Washing Buffer to 100 mL.

1.3 Preparation of HRP-conjugated antibody working fluid:

Dilute HRP-conjugated antibody to $0.08 \mu g/mL$ with $1 \times Dilution$ Buffer. Please prepare it for one-time use only.

2. Preparation of Standard curve

The concentration of the reconstituted Anti-CD3 Antibody Calibrator (RES095-C02) is 200 μ g/mL, prepare (Std.-0) by diluting 10 μ L the reconstituted Anti-CD3 Antibody Calibrator into 490 μ L Sample Dilution Buffer, mix gently well. Then prepare Std.-1' by diluting 10 μ L Std.-0 into 490 μ L Sample Dilution Buffer. At last, prepare the highest concentration of standard curve, Std.-1 (4 ng/mL), by diluting 30 μ L Std.-1' into 570 μ L Sample Dilution Buffer. Prepare 1:1 serial dilution for the standard curve as follows: Pipette 300 μ L of Sample Dilution Buffer into each tube. Make sure to mix well every time. Sample Dilution Buffer serves as blank.

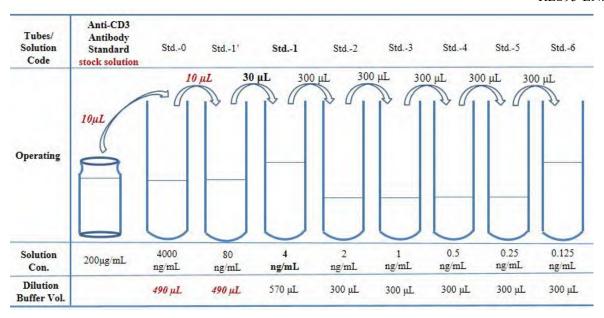
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3. Add Samples

Add 100 µL Calibrator and samples to each well. For blank Control wells, please add 100 µL Dilution Buffer.

Note: It is recommended to set double holes for samples and standard curves to be tested.

4. Incubation

Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature for 1.0 hour.

5. Washing

Remove the remaining solution by aspiration, add 300 μ L of 1×Washing Buffer to each well, soak for 10 s, remove any remaining 1×Washing Buffer: by aspirating or decanting, invert the plate and blot it against paper towels. Repeat the wash step above for three times.

6. Add HRP-conjugated antibody

For all wells, add 100 μ L HRP-conjugated antibody (dilute to 0.08 μ g/mL) working solution. Please prepare it for one-time use only.

7. Incubation

Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature for 1.0 hour.

8. Washing

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RES95-EN.01

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Repeat step 5.

9. Substrate Reaction

Add 100 µL Substrate Solution to each well. Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature for 20 min, avoid light.

10. Termination

Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well and tap the plate gently to allow thorough mixing.

Note: The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow.

11. Data Recording

Read the absorbance at 450 nm and 630 nm using UV/Vis microplate spectrophotometer within 10 minutes.

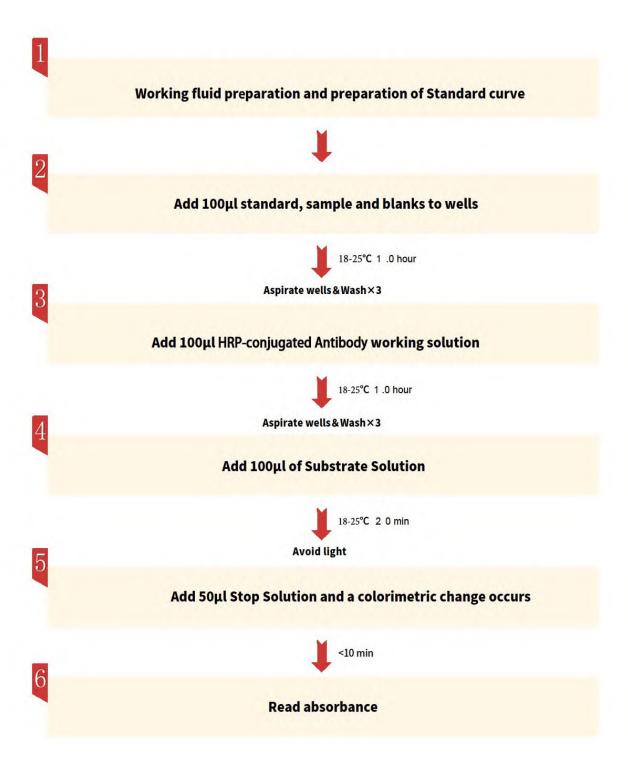
Note: To reduce the background noise, subtract the value read at OD_{450nm} with the value read at $OD_{630 nm}$.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- 1. Calculate the mean absorbance for each standard, control and sample and subtract average zero standard optical density (OD).
- 2. The standard curve is plotted with the standard concentration as x-axis and the calibrated absorbance value as y-axis. Four parameters logistic are used to draw the standard curve and calculate the sample concentration.
- 3. Normal range of Standard curve: R²≥0.9900.
- 4. Detection range: 0.125 ng/mL-4 ng/mL. If the OD value of the sample to be tested is higher than 4 ng/mL, the sample shall be diluted with dilution buffer and assay repeated. If the OD value of the sample to be tested is lower than 0.125 ng/mL, the sample should be reported.



QUICK GUILD

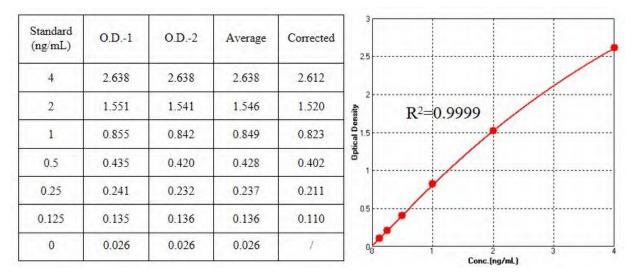


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TYPICAL DATA

For each experiment, a standard curve needs to be set for each micro-plate, and the specific OD value may vary depending on different laboratories, testers, or equipments. The following example data is for reference only. The sample concentration was calculated based on the results of the standard curve.



SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable concentration of Anti-CD3 Antibody is 0.053 ng/mL. The minimum detectable concentration was determined by adding twice standard deviations to the mean optical density value of twenty zero standard replicates and calculating the corresponding concentration.

PRECISION

1. Intra-assay Precision

Three samples of known concentration were tested ten times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

2. Inter-assay Precision

Three samples of known concentration were tested in three separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra-assay Precision			Ir	nter-assay Precisio	on
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	10	10	10	3	3	3

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Mean (ng/mL)	2.897	0.786	0.369	2.879	0.758	0.342
SD	0.265	0.033	0.022	0.035	0.030	0.023
CV (%)	9.2	4.2	5.9	1.2	3.9	6.8

Note: The example data is for reference only.

RECOVERY

Five parts of blank T cell culture supernatant were added with different concentrations of Anti-CD3 Antibody, and the T cell culture supernatant without Anti-CD3 Antibody was used as background to calculate the recovery rate. The range of the recovery rate is 81.3-102.5%, and the average recovery is 89.0%.

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
T cell culture supernatant (n=5)	89.0	81.3-102.5

LINEARITY

To assess the linearity of the assay, samples spiked with high concentrations of Anti-CD3 Antibody were serially diluted with calibrator diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

		Cell culture medium	Cell culture medium	G
		(DMEM)	(1640)	Serum
1.2	Average Recovery (%)	93.3	92.1	89.6
1:2	Range (%)	90.1-101.9	84.9-103.8	84.8-92.8
1.4	Average Recovery (%)	92.6	88.0	88.4
1:4	Range (%)	88.2-95.4	83.4-94.8	85.1-90.2
1.0	Average Recovery (%)	96.9	92.2	93.1
1:8	Range (%)	95.7-97.7	85.8-102.4	85.6-99.4
1.16	Average Recovery (%)	90.7	92.3	94.0
1:16	Range (%)	86.7-95.5	84.7-101.9	87.7-101.3

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Note: The example data is for reference only.

INTERFERING SUBSTANCES

Verify potential matrix effects by adding different levels of DMSO and HSA to the diluted buffer.

Additive	Tolerated concentration
DMSO	2%
HSA	5%

PLATE LAYOUT

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Std1	Std1				()	()	()	(()		(
3	Std2	Std2		(\cdots)		($$ $)$	(()	()	($)$	(
	Std3	Std3	\bigcirc	(\cdots)		(\cdots)	(\cdots)	()		($)$	(\cdots)	(
)	Std4	Std4		(($)$	(
	Std5	Std5		(()		()	($$ $)$	(
	Std6	Std6	($)$	(\cdots)	($)$	(\cdots)	(\cdots)	()	()		($$ $)$	(
ì	Blank	Blank	()	(\cdots)		(\cdots)	($)$	()	()	()	(\cdots)	(
	Blank	Blank	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	(

Note: Blank is a Blank Dilution Buffer hole.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	* Inaccurate pipetting	* Check pipettes
Lauga CV	* Inaccurate pipetting	* Check pipettes
Large CV	* Air bubbles in wells	* Remove bubbles in wells

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High background	* Plate is insufficiently washed	* Review the manual for proper wash.		
ingii backgi bunu	* Contaminated wash buffer	* Make fresh wash buffer		
Very low readings across	* Incorrect wavelengths	* Check filters/reader		
the plate	* Insufficient development time	* Increase development time		
Samples are reading too high, but standard curve looks fine	* Samples contain cytokine levels above assay range	* Dilute samples and run again		
Drift	* Interrupted assay set-up * Reagents not at room temperature	* Assay set-up should be continuous - have all standards and samples prepared appropriately before commencement of theassay * Ensure that all reagents are at room temperature before pipetting into the wells unless otherwise instructed in the antibody inserts		