

resDetectTM BSA ELISA Kit

Catalog Number: RES-A001

Pack Size: 96 tests

IMPORTANT: Please carefully read this manual before performing your experiment.

For Research Use Only. Not For Use in Diagnostic or Therapeutic Procedure



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INTENDED USE

The kit is developed for the detection and quantitative determination of BSA. It is used as a tool to aid in

optimal purification process development and in routine quality control of in-process streams as well as

final product by various biotechnological processes such as cell or tissue culture.

BACKGROUND

Most commercial formulations of serum free media contain significant amounts of albumin and transferrin

either of bovine or human origin, and insulin from various species. When the intended product may be

used as a therapeutic agent in humans or animals the product should be highly purified. Efforts to reduce

trace media impurities to the lowest levels practical through optimal process design, qualification, and

final product testing require a highly sensitive and reliable analytical method.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The resDetectTM BSA ELISA Kit is used to measure the levels of BSA (Bovine serum albumin) by

employing a standard sandwich-ELISA format. The micro-plate in the kit has been pre-coated with anti-

BSA antibody. Firstly adding standards and samples, next add the HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody to the plate.

At last, load the tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) substrate into the wells and monitor a blue color. The

reaction is stopped by the addition of a stop solution and the color turns yellow. The intensity of the

absorbance can be measured at 450 nm and 630 nm on a microtiter plate reader. The OD Value reflects

the amount of BSA (Bovine serum albumin).

PRECAUTIONS

1. This kit is for research use only and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic applications.

2. The kit is suitable for cell supernatant and serum samples.

3. Do not use reagents past their expiration date.

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- 4. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other kits or other lot number kits.
- 5. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with the appropriate calibrator diluent and repeat the assay. If cell supernatant samples need step dilution, except for the final dilution with diluent, other intermediate dilutions can be in cell culture medium.
- 6. Differences in test results can be caused by a variety of factors, including laboratory operator, pipette usage, plate washing technique, reaction time or temperature, and kit storage.
- 7. This kit is designed to remove or reduce some endogenous interference factors in biological samples, and not all possible influencing factors have been removed.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Table 1. Materials provided

Catalag	Components	Size	Format	Storage		
Catalog	Components	(96 tests)	Format	Unopened	Opened	
RES01-C01	Pre-Coated Anti-BSA Antibody Microplate	1 plate	Solid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02A	BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard (200ng/mL)	500 μL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02B	BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard 5(40.5ng/mL)	500 μL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02C	BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard 4(13.5ng/mL)	500 μL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02D	BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard 3(4.5ng/mL)	500 μL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02E	BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard 2(1.5ng/mL)	500 μL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02F	1-C02F BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard 1(0.5ng/mL)		Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	
RES01-C02G	BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard 0(0ng/mL)	500 μL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C	

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RES01-C03	HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody	100 μL	Liquid	2-8°C, avoid light	2-8°C, avoid light
RES01-C04	1×Sample Dilution Buffer	50 mL×2	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C
RES01-C05	20×Washing Buffer	25 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C
RES01-C06	Substrate Solution	12 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C
RES01-C07	Stop Solution	8 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C

Note: It is recommended that HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody be centrifuged briefly before use to deposit liquid from the tube wall or cap to the bottom of the tube.

SRORAGE

- 1. Unopened kit should be stored at 2°C-8°C upon receiving.
- 2. Find the expiration date on the outside packaging and do not use reagents past their expiration date.
- 3. The opened kit should be stored per components table. The shelf life is 30 days from the date of opening

Note: Do not use reagents past their expiration date.

REAGENTS/EQUIPMENT NEEDED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- 1. Single or multi-channel micropipettes and pipette tips: need to meet 10 μ L, 300 μ L, 1000 μ L injection requirements;
- 2. Orbital microtiter plate shaker: For shaking the plate in immunological steps; If there is no Orbital microtiter plate shaker, it can also be incubated in a 37°C incubator;
- 3. Single or dual wavelength microplate reader with 450 nm and 630 nm filter;
- 4. Tubes: 1.5mL, 10mL;
- 5. Timer;
- 6. Reagent bottle;

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7. Deionized or distilled water.

PREPARATION BEFORE EXPERIMENT

1. Preparation of experimental environment

Environment In order to ensure the accuracy of the experiment, the experimental environment requires that no additional antibodies or BSA be introduced during the operation.

Please prepare a clean bench and necessary tools: Clean the operating table with 75% ethanol before the experiment, and wipe the operator's hands and arms with 75% ethanol during the experiment to avoid the introduction of additional BSA during the experiment.

2. Prepare equipment and tool s:

1) Refer to "REAGENTS/EQUIPMENT NEEDED BUT NOT SUPPLIED" to prepare the equipment,

tools, reagent bottles and other utensils required for the experiment.

2) Thorough cleaning of the antibody coated plate to remove excess unreacted reagents is essential for

good detection reproducibility and sensitivity. If an automatic plate washer is used to clean the labeled

plate, it is recommended to use it exclusively for this experiment and to distinguish it from the buffer

liquid system containing BSA to avoid the introduction of additional BSA. If you do not have an automatic

board washer, you can manually clean the board with a multi-channel pipette. Thorough washing

procedures typically provide a lower background, higher specific binding signals, and better precision.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (20°C-25°C) before use. If crystals have formed in buffer solution, bring the solution back to room temperature before use.

RECOMMENDED SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. Working Solution Preparation

1.1 Preparation of 1×Washing Buffer:

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Dilute 25 mL 20×Washing Buffer with ultrapure water/deionized water to 500 mL, gently mix the required 1×WashingBuffer according to the experimental dosage.

1.2 Preparation of HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody Working Buffer:

According to experimental dosage (50 μL/well), Dilute HRP Anti-BSA Antibody to 100-fold with 1×Sample Dilution Buffer (RES01-C04). Please prepare it for one-time use only.

Please refer to the following methods to prepare the HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody Working Buffer:

Table 2. Preparation method

Tests	HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody Working Buffer	Anti-BSA Antibody Working Buffer HRP-Anti-BSA Antibody					
96 Tests	6000 μL	60 μL	5940 μL				

1.3 Prepare the samples:

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (20°C-25°C) before use. If the sample has precipitation, it is recommended to centrifuge the sample at 1500 rpm/min for 5 min and take the supernatant for detection.

If the concentration of the sample to be tested is higher than the upper limit measured by the kit, it should be diluted with 1×Sample Dilution Buffer to a linear range for testing.

Note:

- a. It is recommended to do at least 2 dilutions for the sample to be tested.
- b. The samples to be tested need to be spiked recovery.
- c. For samples tested with this kit for the first time, interference tests are recommended.
- d. RES01-C02A (BSA (Bovine serum albumin) Standard (200ng/mL)) can be used for spiked recovery test and interference tests.

2. Add Samples

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The standard product and the sample to be tested were added to the enzyme label plate in sequence, 50μ L/well; Antibody is then added to HRP Anti-BSA Antibody Working Buffer (50μ L/well).

Note: All standards and samples to be tested should be on the same board and treated in the same way; It is recommended to set double holes for samples and standard curves to be tested.

3. Incubation

Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature for $(20^{\circ}\text{C}-25^{\circ}\text{C})$ 1 hour at 400rpm.

4. Washing

Thorough washing is essential to proper performance of this assay. Automated plate washing systems or manual wash procedure be selected according to your own experimental conditions.

Remove the sealing film carefully, discard the liquid in the holes, add 300µL1×WashingBuffer to each hole, discard 1×WashingBuffer in the holes, pat the board dry on a non-fluff absorbent paper, please note that the washing buffer must be completely removed. Repeat the above cleaning steps four times.

Note: When using the automatic washing machine, it is recommended to wash the board manually for the first time, and then use the automatic washing machine for the last three times. Contaminated board washing machine needles.

5. Substrate Reaction

Add 100 µL Substrate Solution to each well. Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature for 20 min, avoid light.

6. Termination

Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well and tap the plate gently to allow thorough mixing.

Note: The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow.

7. Data Recording

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Read the absorbance at 450 nm and 630 nm using UV/Vis microplate spectrophotometer within 10 minutes.

Note: To reduce the background noise, subtract the value read at $OD_{450 \text{ nm}}$ with the value read at $OD_{630 \text{ nm}}$.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. Calculate the mean absorbance for each standard, control and sample and subtract average zero standard

optical density (OD).

2. The standard curve is plotted with the standard concentration as x-axis and the calibrated absorbance

value as y-axis. Four parameters logistic are used to draw the standard curve and calculate the sample

concentration.

3. Normal range of Standard curve: R²≥0.9900.

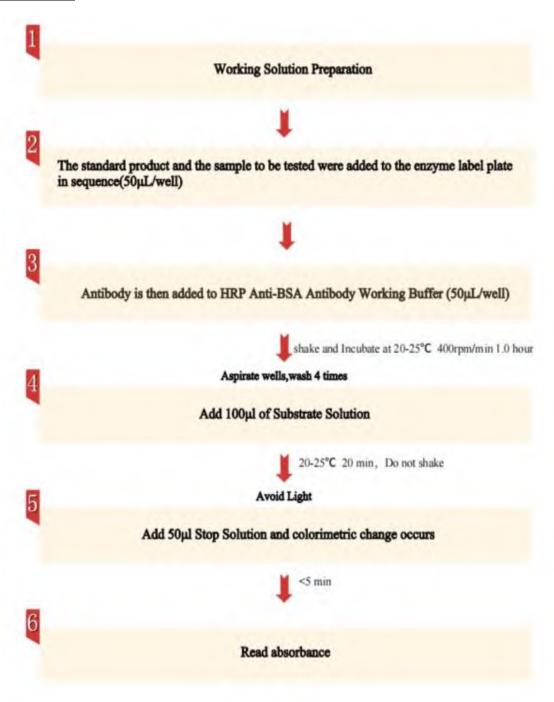
4. Detection range: 0.5 ng/mL - 40.5 ng/mL. If the OD value of the sample to be tested is higher than 40.5

ng/mL, the sample shall be diluted with dilution buffer and assay repeated. If the OD value of the sample

to be tested is lower than 0.5 ng/mL, the sample should be reported.



QUICK GUILD



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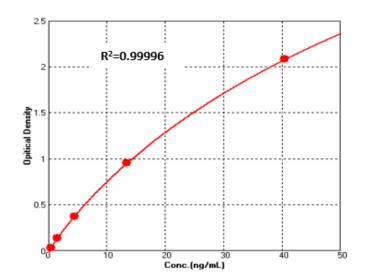
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TYPICAL DATA

For each experiment, a standard curve needs to be set for each micro-plate, and the specific OD value may vary depending on different laboratories, testers, or equipments. The following example data is for reference only. The sample concentration was calculated based on the results of the standard curve.

Standard (ng/mL)	O.D.	Corrected
40.5	2.166	2.081
13.5	1.043	0.958
4.5	0.460	0.375
1.5	0.227	0.142
0.5	0.119	0.034
0	0.085	/



SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable concentration of BSA (Bovine serum albumin) is 0.197 ng/mL.

PRECISION

1. Intra-assay Precision

Three samples of known concentration were tested ten times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision , Intra-Assay Precision $CV \leq 15\%$.

2. Inter-assay Precision

Three samples of known concentration were tested in ten separate assays to assess inter-assay precision, Inter-Assay Precision $CV \leq 15\%$.

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	Int	ra-assay Precisio	n	Inter-assay Precision			
Sample	1 2		3	1	2	3	
n	10 10		10	10	10	10	
Mean (ng/mL)	44.68 5.05		0.48	40.12	4.94	0.50	
SD	0.051	0.041	0.018	4.611	0.752	0.07	
CV (%)	2	8	13	11	15	14	

ACCUEACY

Five samples of known concentration were tested ten times on one plate to assess Accuracy, Accuracy recovery rate 80-120%.

Sample	BSA (Bovine serum albumin)									
Sample Conc.(ng/mL)	40.5	30	5	1.2	0.5					
n	10	10	10	10	10					
Mean (ng/mL)	44.68	33.60	5.05	1.13	0.48					
SD	0.051	0.092	0.041	0.031	0.018					
CV (%)	2	5	8	15	13					
Recovery (%)	110	112	101	94	95					

SPECIFICITY

Specificity-1: High, medium and low concentrations of BSA were added to Human serum (v/v 1%), Horse serum (v/v 10%), Human Serum Albumin (1.25 mg/mL) and Rabbit serum (v/v 10%), the recovery rate of BSA was used as the specific validation index. Recovery rate 80-120%.

Sample 1% Human serum	10% Horse serum	Human Serum Albumin (10 mg/mL)	10% Rabbit serum
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Dilution Factor	1			1			8			1		
Added BSA	40.5	5	0	40.5	5	0	40.5	5	0	40.5	5	0
Conc.(ng/mL)	40.3	3	U	40.3	3	0	40.3	3	0	40.3	3	0
Mean (ng/mL)	40.90	4.10	0.10	41.00	4.50	0.00	32.40	4.00	0.00	46.03	4.93	0.30
Recovery (%)	101	81	/	101	90	/	80	80	/	113	92	/

Specificity-2: High, medium and low concentrations of BSA were added to MDCK Cell, HEK293 Cell, CHO Cell and T Cell, the recovery rate of BSA was used as the specific validation index. Recovery rate 80%-120%.

Sample	MDCK				HEK293 CI		СНО		T-lymphocyte			
Cells.Con.		2 × 106		2 - 106		2 106			2.15×10 ⁶			
(cells/mL)	2×10 ⁶				3.5×10 ⁶			2×10 ⁶			2.15×10°	
Dilution Factor	1			1		1		1				
Added BSA	40.5	5	0	40.5	E	0	40.5	_	0	40.5	E	0
Conc.(ng/mL)	40.5	3	U	40.5	5	0	40.5	5	0	40.5	5	0
Mean (ng/mL)	38.56	5.24	0	44.16	5.80	0.00	43.98	5.00	0.00	39.49	4.87	0.00
Recovery (%)	95	105	/	109	116	/	109	100	/	98	97	/



MATRIX INTERFERENCE

We have conducted interference effect test about frequently-used buffers, adding the known concentration of BSA standard into the buffer, and the calculated recovery rate was 80%-120%. they have excellent buffer compatibility. For specific buffers, it is recommended that you verify recovery to determine the optimal dilution ratio.

	BSA (Bovine serum albumin)				
Matrix	Recovery (%)	Dilution Factor			
1×PBS	116	1			
50 mM Tris	97	1			
5% DMSO	110	1			
Multiple Electrolytes Injection	94	1			
10% Glucose	93	1			
10% Dextran	108	1			
1% Porcine gelatin	115	1			
1% Fish gelatin	89	1			
DMEM	104	1			
Opti-MEM TM	119	1			



LATE LAYOUT

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	Std 5	Std 5	Sample1	Sample1								
В	Std 4	Std 4	Sample2	Sample2								
C	Std 3	Std 3	Sample3	Sample3				\bigcirc		($)$		
D	Std 2	Std 2	$(\cdot \cdot)$	(\bigcirc			$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot \end{array} \right)$		$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot \end{array} \right)$		
E	Std 1	Std 1	(\cdots)	$\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$			$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdots \end{array} \right)$	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot \end{array} \right)$	()	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot \end{array} \right)$		()
F	Std 0	Std 0	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \end{array} \right)$	()			$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ \end{array} \right)$	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \end{array} \right)$	()	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \end{array} \right)$	()	
G	Negative	_	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \end{array} \right)$	()			\overline{y}	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \end{array} \right)$	($\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \end{array} \right)$	()	
Н	Positive	Positive control	($)$	())	()		()		$\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot \end{array} \right)$	()	()

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Cause	Solution	
Poor standard curve	* Inaccurate pipetting	* Check pipettes	
Lorge CV	* Inaccurate pipetting	* Check pipettes	
Large CV	* Air bubbles in wells	* Remove bubbles in wells	
High background	* Plate is insufficiently washed	* Review the manual for proper wash.	
riigii background	* Contaminated wash buffer	* Make fresh wash buffer	
Very low readings across	* Incorrect wavelengths	* Check filters/reader	

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the plate	* Insufficient development time	* Increase development time
Samples are reading too high, but standard curve looks fine	* Samples contain cytokine levels above assay range	* Dilute samples and run again
Drift	* Interrupted assay set-up * Reagents not at room temperature	* Assay set-up should be continuous - have all standards and samples prepared appropriately before commencement of the assay * Ensure that all reagents are at room temperature before pipetting into the wells unless otherwise instructed in the antibody inserts